

RESIDENCY EDUCATION - DRESS CODE

When working in a hospital or clinic environment, you must follow the following dress code. It is important for the residents to always wear professional business attire in order to gain the trust of the patient and the public as a doctor. Remember that patients, colleagues and other clinical staff may form a first impression of your professional competence based on your appearance.

General Principles

White Apron and Personnel Card:

- Residents' personnel ID cards must be always worn. ID cards must be always visible and readable.
- White aprons must be clean and ironed, and collars must be neat.

Personal Hygiene and Care:

- Clothing should always be clean and neat (such as ironed shirts).
- Hair should be clean and tidy (long hair should be tied, headscarves should be neat).
- Beard should be shaved.
- Nails should be clean, short and properly manicured; artificial nails should not be worn and nail length should not interfere with safety or work performance.
- Attention should be paid to body and breath odor, and excessive use of perfume and fragrance should be avoided.

Outfit Features:

- Casual clothes such as tracksuits, tights, football jerseys, shorts and t-shirts should not be worn.
- Clothing containing political or religious logos or inscriptions should not be worn.
- Short skirts, low-cut tops, and dresses or bodysuits that expose the navel should not be worn.
- Torn, worn out clothes should be avoided.
- Hoodies should not be worn.
- When wearing a tie, the front of the white coat should be closed to prevent the tie from touching the patient during the patient examination.

Scrubs and Lab Clothes:

- Scrubs and a white coat are acceptable in all clinical settings.
- Scrubs should be clean and in good condition, dirty or stained scrubs should be replaced as soon as possible.
- You should not leave the operating room with the scrubs that were used in the operating room.

Shoes:

- Should not wear slippers, sandals or exaggerated high-heeled shoes.
- Crocs can be worn under scrubs.
- Open-toed shoes should not be worn in clinical areas.
- You should not leave the operating room with the operating room slippers used in the operating room.

Jewelry and Piercings:

- Jewelry and piercings should not be exaggerated or obstructive.
- Dangling jewelry should be avoided.
- Wrist jewelry, watches and rings should not be worn, especially in special areas such as intensive care units, in compliance with the "Nude below the elbow" policy.

Department Specific Rules

In addition to these rules, there may be different rules regarding dress code in the departments you work. In this case, the rules of that department must also be followed.

With these regulations, the dress code of Koç University School of Medicine is clearly stated to ensure that residents present a professional image in hospital and clinical environments. Residents are expected to comply with these rules meticulously.